THE GATEWAY ACADEMY PUPIL PREMIUM STRATEGY STATEMENT

This statement details our academy's use of pupil premium funding to help improve the progress and attainment of our disadvantaged pupils.

It outlines our pupil premium strategy, how we intend to spend the funding in this academic year and the impact that last year's spending of pupil premium had within our academy.

School overview

Detail	Data
School name	The Gateway Academy
Number of pupils in school	1049
Proportion (%) of pupil premium eligible pupils	44% (461 pupils)
	40% FSM (424 pupils)
Academic year/years that our current pupil premium strategy plan	2024/25 to 2027/28
covers (3-year plans are recommended)	
Date this statement was published	September 2024
Date on which it will be reviewed	August 2025
Statement authorised by	Mrs Grainne Mc Laughlin
Pupil premium lead	Mrs Kate Kitsiou
	Assistant Principal
Governor / Trustee lead	Linda Pritchard, GLC Governor

Funding overview

Detail	Amount
Pupil premium funding allocation this academic year	£463,575
Recovery premium funding allocation this academic year	Nil
Pupil premium funding carried forward from previous years (enter £0 if not applicable)	Nil
Total budget for this academic year	£463,575
If your school is an academy in a trust that pools this funding, state	
the amount available to your school this academic year	

PART A: PUPIL PREMIUM STRATEGY PLAN

Statement of intent

The Gateway Academy - Context

- GA was established in 2006 (a fresh start academy following the closure of two failing secondary schools) and students moved into the state-of-the-art building in 2008.
- The Gateway Academy [GA] is part of The Gateway Learning Community [GLC]: a locally focussed multi-Academy trust comprising GA and four primary schools.
- GA is a popular school and was oversubscribed for the academic year 2024-2025 with 82% of students coming from the GLC feeder schools.
- Most of the students at GA come from the local area of Tilbury, which has the highest level of deprivation in Thurrock. The GA is acutely aware of the role it plays in supporting the transformation of the local area and is clear of its mission 'to develop active and thriving citizens within a diverse, truly fair and equal community'. The GA is proud to serve the local community and be part of the transformation of Tilbury.

Our Intention

• Our intention is that all students, irrespective of their background or challenges they face, develop as responsible, resilient, compassionate, aspirational and fulfilled members of a diverse, truly fair, and equal community. It is particularly important to us that disadvantaged students receive a quality educational

- experience, make good progress and achieve high attainment across all areas of the curriculum, particularly Maths and English.
- The focus of our Pupil Premium Strategy is to support our disadvantaged students to be fully active in Academy life and to ensure that they make accelerated academic progress. At The Gateway Academy this looks like all pupils having a positive experience of school which prepares them well for their next step post-16. This will be in evidence when our disadvantaged students experience the curriculum in the same way as the rest of the cohort and therefore achieve parity in outcomes and destinations. This quality educational experience will be evident when pupil premium students show a parity in their aspirations, engagement and enjoyment of school. We will also focus on other vulnerable groups including students on the child protection register and students with a mental health need.
- Our strategy is broken down into three strands that are rooted in research from the Education Endowment Foundation
 - Strand 1 Quality first teaching and learning. It is clear that high quality teaching is at the very heart of closing the attainment gap.
 - o **Strand 2** Targeted Academic Support with a focus on Literacy.
 - Strand 3 The whole child, understanding Maslow's five tier hierarchy of needs and the need to meet lower-level needs (food, warmth, security etc) and emotional needs (friendship, belonging) before focusing on the next set of needs, esteem, accomplishment and self-actualisation.
- We want to overcome the barriers disadvantaged pupils' experience. We want to consider the barriers relevant to students at The Gateway Academy and build the strategy plan around these. Pupil premium funding will be used to support activities across the school that address these specific barriers. There will be an academic focus on literacy and numeracy in order to support wider access to the curriculum. English and Maths at Key Stage 4 will be a focus because of the importance of these subjects to next steps for students and their life choices. The funding will support continued professional development relating to high quality teaching, in this instance aspects of teaching and learning such as assessment and feedback that are known to have an impact and are a part of the school development plan.
- Well-being and attendance will continue to be a focus of the strategy plan. The funding will support systems and services we have in place across the school to support well-being and attendance whilst also funding support targeted at individual students.
- Finally, a lack of cultural capital can hinder pupils in their futures due to lacking relevant 'real life' experiences on which to draw, this can be limiting both in education and at interview for higher education and employment. The funding will be used to make sure Pupil Premium students have access to the wide range of enrichment activities the school has to offer.
- By using robust data, not assumptions, about disadvantaged, we are responding to the individual needs of our disadvantaged students. Our strategy strands complement each other and are most effective by staff working relentlessly, at pace, together and responding quickly and effectively.
- In summary the strategy plan is based on the specific issues facing pupil premium students at our school. The strategy plan is underpinned by the driving principal of the academy to 'improve upon our best' and to 'be exceptional' in all that we do.

Challenges

This details the key challenges to achievement that we have identified among our disadvantaged pupils.

64% of households claim housing benefit.

Deprivation	According to the Index of Multiple Deprivation 2019, Tilbury contains the majority	
	of the Lower Super Output Areas (LSOAs) which have the highest IMD scores in	
	Thurrock, Tilbury also has some of the most deprived LSOAs in the country, 3 of	
	its LSOAs are amongst the 10% most deprived in England.	
	• Highest quintile [IDACI index highlights Tilbury wards in the top 5% for	
	deprivation].	
	Tilbury is the most deprived area in Thurrock with a deprivation score of 1.	
	• 56.4% of children in Tilbury live in poverty.	

• 44.8% of households claim Employment Health Allowance for a mental health condition.

Crime	 Tilbury is a high crime area. 21% of all recorded crime is for antisocial behaviour (2021). The most common crimes in Tilbury are violence and sexual offences.
% of adults with higher education qualifications	28% of residents have no formal qualifications.
Over-crowded housing	• The average number of persons per household for both Tilbury wards is 2.65, which is higher than the national average of 2.36 and the Thurrock average of 2.52.
Life expectancy/ Health	On average, 10 years less than the Thurrock average, in part due to poor diet and lifestyle. Obesity and dental hygiene are major issues.

- From KS2, 45% of disadvantaged students arrive meeting expected standards in reading, writing and maths compared to 66% nationally.
- Reading Progress score of GLC MAT -2.6 (NA 0.4)
- Maths Progress score of GLC MAT -0.9 (NA 0.5)
- Writing progress score of GLC Mat -0.5 (NA 0.4)

Challenge	Datail of challenge
Challenge number	Detail of challenge
1	 Attainment and Progress Gap – Maths Students enter the Academy 3% below in Greater Depth than the national average (Yr. 7 Sep 2023). Disadvantaged progress for Maths 0.30 (Non-PP 0.41 – gap of 0.11) academic year 2023-2024. Disadvantaged average attainment for Maths 8.08 (Non-PP 10.00 – gap of 1.92) academic year 2023-2024 Gap of 19.4% of students achieving 9-4 in Maths (PP 61.4%, Non-PP 80.8%) Gap of 27.7% of students achieving 9-5 in Maths (PP 39.8%, Non-PP 67.5%) Gap of 9.6% of students achieving 9-7 in Maths (PP 9.6%, Non-PP 19.2%) When focusing on boys the disadvantaged progress gap increases to 0.39 (PP -0.29, Non-PP 0.10)
2	 Attainment Gap – English Students enter the Academy 10% below the national average at expected and 11% at greater depth in English Disadvantaged progress for English -0.09 (Non-PP 0.09 – gap of 0.18) academic year 2023-2024. Disadvantaged average attainment for English 8.26 (Non-PP 10.10 – gap of 1.84) academic year 2023-2024 Gap of 14.9% of students achieving 9-4 in English (PP 63.9%, Non-PP 78.8%) Gap of 21.5% of students achieving 9-5 in English (PP 43.4%, Non-PP 64.9%) Gap of 17.8% of students achieving 9-7 in English (PP 6.0%, Non-PP 23.8%) When focusing on boys, the disadvantaged progress gap is -0.51 (PP -0.48, Non-PP 0.03)
3	 KS3 Targeted Reading Programme Students enter the academy on average 10% below NA for expected reading and 11% below in Greater Depth (Yr. 7 Sep 2024) Our reading assessments indicate that disadvantaged students have lower levels of reading comprehension than their peers. There is a gap between PP and the rest of the cohort on entry from KS2 results. Literacy Strategies
	Development of a suite of literacy strategies that help to improve explicit literacy instruction across all subjects. Consistency across departments will help lighten the cognitive load for students.

Challenge	Detail of challenge		
number	Detail of chancinge		
	 Students' speaking and listening skills have been identified across the academy as an area that needs to be focused on. The habits and behaviours associated with effective speaking and listening require a more consistent approach from teaching staff to ensure all students, particularly disadvantaged, are developing the social skills that are intrinsic to their post-16 success. Vocabulary acquisition is also another area we have identified that needs improvement in order for students to be able to access the curriculum fully. 'Chunk-Stop-Do' Question strategy embeds the explicit teaching of procedural knowledge and use of success criteria when answering questions, particularly extended writing responses. 'Chunk-Stop-Do' Reading strategy provides students with specific questions that help them to decode words with increasing independence (inside - outside - beyond) 		
5	 Pedagogy – High Think, High Participation Rates Monitoring of teaching across the academy and analysis of data outcomes have identified periods in lessons in which students are not fully present to the material being taught. All staff need to be able to hold students fully accountable for 100% participation in the lesson, a necessity for learning and retention of information. 		
6	 Pedagogy – Assessment and Feedback Our observations alongside detailed research and disadvantaged student surveys have highlighted the importance of quality feedback to improve the understanding of how to improve their work. Our observations, student feedback and analysis of summative assessment indicate that disadvantaged students do not spend sufficient time working on revision activities or home learning. This reduces their ability to perform effectively during summative assessment. 		
7	 Cultural Capital We want to remove barriers to social mobility, these being more evident amongst the PP cohort. Increasing experiences and opportunities for students will provide pupils with the opportunity to develop the knowledge, language and intellectual skills expected to be educated citizens. The 8 strands of our cultural capital offer: Equity and Inclusion Comprehensive Learning Experience Improved Academic Outcomes Enhanced Motivation and Engagement Career and Future Preparedness Social and Emotional Benefits Community and Social Benefits Adaptability and Resilience 		
8	 Social, emotional and mental health needs Our surveys, observations and discussions with students and families have identified social and emotional issues for many students, such as anxiety, depression and low self-esteem. These challenges particularly affect disadvantaged students, including their attainment. 		
9	◆ Average attendance rate of disadvantaged students at the Gateway Academy is well above national averages. However, there is a gap in attendance between PP and the rest of the cohort. Current attendance data shows PP attendance to be on average 2% lower than the rest of the cohort across Years 7-11. The correlation between attendance and attainment has been well demonstrated.		
10	Parental Engagement ■ There are some parents of disadvantaged students who are not fully engaged with the Academy or do not fully know the most effective methods to support their children in their		



Challenge	Detail of challenge
number	
	learning. Attendance at parents' evenings is lower for disadvantaged students in comparison to their peers.
11	 Embed a culture that priorities the needs of Pupil Premium students within high quality teaching Maintaining a culture in which the needs of Pupil Premium students are well understood and prioritised. Achieving this through a framework of high quality CPD that develops staff across all stages of their career including a focus for leaders on the needs of Pupil Premium students.

Intended outcomes

This explains the outcomes we are aiming for **by the end of our current strategy plan**, and how we will measure whether they have been achieved.

Intended outcome	Success criteria
Intended outcome 1. Key Stage 4 Progress Gap-Maths Improving the progress of disadvantaged students in Maths with a focus on GCSE outcomes. 2. Key Stage 4 Progress- English Improving the progress of disadvantaged students in English with a focus on GCSE outcomes. 3. KS3 Targeted Reading Programme Improve the reading age of Pupil Premium students to have a positive impact on the ability of PP students to access the curriculum.	By the end of our current plan in 2027/28 KS4 outcomes demonstrate that disadvantaged students achieve in line with peers or exceed outcomes nationally and any gaps between progress and attainment are eradicated. By the end of our current plan in 2027/28 KS4 outcomes demonstrate that disadvantaged students achieve in line with peers or exceed outcomes. KS3 Outcomes: The progress gap between PP eligible pupils and non-PP pupils narrows or is eradicated. Gaps in reading age of Pupil Premium students and the rest of the cohort closes. Reading assessments demonstrate improved comprehension skills among disadvantaged students and a smaller disparity between the scores of disadvantaged students and their peers. Teachers should also have recognised this improvement through engagement in lessons and book scrutiny. Thinking Reading addresses fluency and comprehension for readers below 85th percentile (Y7). Peer Reading Scheme addresses fluency and reading miles for readers below 95th percentile (Y7). Reading curriculum embedded alongside the English curriculum to build students' reading skills and miles. Academic Reading strategy promotes the use of high-quality academic texts in teaching and learning across all curriculum areas. 'Chunk-Stop-Do' Reading strategy provides a structured,
	sequence approach to the teaching of reading across all curriculum areas, including supporting students with decoding unfamiliar words.
4. Literacy – Vocabulary Acquisition / Oracy Development	• Embedding speaking and listening aptitudes as a focus of teacher's in-class practice will make this a focus for all staff. Lesson observations on learning walks, progress days, external reviews will demonstrate improvement to students speaking and listening habits and behaviours. This is not, by any means, a challenge that is confined to disadvantaged students but there will be a reduction in the disparity between those disadvantaged

Intended outcome	Success criteria
	 students who do need to develop these skills and those who are more confident and articulate speakers and effective listeners. Vocabulary Acquisition strategy provides sequenced teaching steps to support the learning of key vocabulary in class. Academic Reading places high-quality academic texts at the centre of the curriculum, exposing students to a wider range of texts and engaging them at a deeper level with the taught content. 'Chunk-Stop-Do' Question strategy embeds the explicit teaching of procedural knowledge and use of success criteria when answering questions, particularly extended writing responses. 'Chunk-Stop-Do' Reading strategy provides students with specific questions that help them to decode words with increasing independence (inside - outside - beyond)
5. Pedagogy – High thinking and High Participation rates • Improved engagement, metacognitive and academic independence among disadvantaged students across all subjects in order to challenge with an insistence on high thinking.	 Lessons will have a focus on active listening and activities that create high participation and high think ratio. Disadvantaged students are located in prominent positions in the classroom to ensure staff are constantly scanning and demanding the highest levels of participation and thinking to drive progress forward. Teacher reports and class observations suggest disadvantaged students are more able to monitor and regulate their own learning. Teaching is judged to be at least good across the Academy on a consistent basis with strategies specifically in place to support disadvantaged students to achieve grades on or above target.
6. Pedagogy- Assessment and Feedback Consistent implementation of assessment across the curriculum. The quality of student feedback both verbally and written is improved leading to improved GCSE outcomes. 7. Cultural Capital PP students participate in the wide variety of enrichment opportunities that the school has to offer to develop cultural capital, improving their opportunities for social mobility	 Reviews demonstrate consistency in robust assessment linked to the subject curriculum. Progress reviews, learning walks and faculty monitoring show consistency in the quality of feedback to disadvantaged students. Reviews judge the progress disadvantaged students are making is at least good. Tracking pupil premium attendance and involvement in extracurricular activities, parity between disadvantaged and other students in involvement. Through regular and forensic analysis of engagements we are able to target disadvantaged students who have not engaged as readily with extra-curricular activities, including trips and visits. Student voice and case studies as a measure of access and involvement in cultural capital activities. CEAIG support and final destinations as a measure of aspirations. Final destination information used to analyse changes in ongoing destinations, NEETs figures etc. Using the Gatsby benchmark a higher proportion of disadvantaged students assessing level 3+ qualifications. Priority students of
8. Social, emotional and mental health needs Social, emotional and mental health needs of disadvantaged students are supported and met. Disadvantaged	 those at greatest risk identified from year 8. Student voice from disadvantaged students show they are engaged and happy members of the academy community. Case study evidence from students who have received targeted services support.

Intended outcome	Success criteria
students self-regulate and are engaged and happy at school.	
9. Attendance Attendance of PP pupils to be in line or better with non-PP pupils	 Effective intervention to support strong attendance of disadvantaged students in place. Disadvantaged students given priority with school systems for tracking and acting upon attendance issues. Aiming for 97% or better. Sustained high attendance from 2024/2025 demonstrated by: a. The overall absence rate for all students being no more than 5% and the attendance gap between disadvantaged students and their non-disadvantaged peers being reduced to under 1%. b. The percentage of all students who are persistently absent being below 20% and the figure among disadvantaged students being no more than 4% lower than their peers.
10. Parental Engagement Parents of disadvantaged students feel well supported by the school and can take a positive role in their child's education.	 Parental feedback from surveys is positive. Attendance of disadvantaged students at parental events is equal to or greater than the rest of the cohort.
11. Embed a culture that priorities the needs of Pupil Premium students within high quality teaching	 A high quality CPD framework in place for all stages of career, ITT, Early Career Teachers to Leadership. A coaching programme runs across teaching and support staff to continual drive skills, understanding and knowledge Pupil Premium running as a 'golden thread' through all professional development. Qualitative feedback from staff on the impact of CPD.



ACTIVITY IN THIS ACADEMIC YEAR

This details how we intend to spend our pupil premium (and recovery premium funding) **this academic year** to address the challenges listed above.

STRAND 1: TEACHING

Budgeted cost: £244,175

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
High quality professional development structure. Developing skilled staff from ECT through to Middle leaders to SLT. Understanding the needs of disadvantaged students as an ongoing theme throughout this training structure.	A clear and highly organised plan for assessment periods, motivates and supports disadvantaged students to participate more and understand effective study techniques. This will have a positive impact on performance. EEF effective professional development- Guidance report	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 11
Professional development for teaching staff focused on the application of the science of learning to improve student learning.	Teaching metacognitive strategies to students can be an inexpensive method to help students become more independent learners. There is particularly strong evidence that it can have a positive impact on maths attainment: Metacognition and self-regulation Toolkit Strand Education Endowment Foundation EEF	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 11
Professional development for teaching staff focused on the effective use of questioning and equally if not more important student elaboration.	EEF effective professional development- Guidance report. Metacognition and self-regulation Toolkit Strand Education Endowment Foundation EEF https://www.greatteaching.com/ EEF effective professional development- Guidance report. How Learning Happens - Seminal works in Educational Psychology and what they Mean in Practice. Shimamura's MARGE model of learning in action - Nimish Lad 'At its core, elaboration is about adding knowledge to existing knowledge, which we have identified as being key to the learning process. It also allows learners to reactivate, reshape and reuse their knowledge through the practice of putting it into their own words.'	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 11
Professional development for staff with a focus on effective assessment and feedback.	EEF toolkit - Guidance report -Teacher feedback to improve student learning, States. "All teachers understand the importance of providing meaningful feedback. Done well it supports student progress, building learning, addressing misunderstandings and thereby closing the gap between where a student is and where the teacher wants them to be". EEF effective professional development- Guidance report.	1, 2, 6, 11

Astinity Evidence that appropriate this approach		
Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s)
		addressed
Professional development for staff with a focus on effective assessment cycles that include clear revision guidance, support and materials.	Developing effective study skills while not in the care and guidance of the Academy staff is vital to promote life-long learning. Metacognition and self-regulation Toolkit Strand Education Endowment Foundation EEF Make It Stick: The Science of Successful Learning. P. Brown, L	1, 2, 6, 11
	Roediger. Rosineshines Principles in Action. T. Sherrington.	
Professional development for staff focused on tracking progress and intervention	Understanding how to use the new data system is essential to support student progress. Time will be provided to understand the full extent of the SISRA system to drive student progress forward.	1, 2, 6
Active exerctaffing in	https://www.sisraanalytics.co.uk	1 2 2 4 5
Active overstaffing in Maths/Science/MFL/English/A rt/PE to provide additional support within lessons and to ensure when cover is required	Ensuring high quality teachers are in front of students is essential. The Academy has made the decision to employ trainees and quality staff where and when appropriate even when that could mean overstaffing.	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 11
subject specialist can support.	<u>The EEF Student Premium Guidance report</u> states that 'ensuring an effective teacher is in front of every class, and that every teacher is	
Trainee teacher programme that supports the Academy to always be fully	supported to keep improving, is the key ingredient of a successful school and should be a top priority.	
staffed with specialists. Enhancement of our Maths and English teaching and curriculum planning in line with DfE KS3 and EEF guidance.	The DfE non-statutory KS3 guidance has been produced in conjunction with the National Centre for Excellence in the Teaching of Mathematics, drawing on evidence-based approaches:	1, 2, 4
We will fund teacher release time to embed key elements of the guidance in school, and to access Maths and English Hub resources and CPD offers (including Teaching for Mastery training).	Teaching mathematics at key stage 3 - GOV. UK (www. gov.uk) To teach maths well, teachers need to assess students' prior knowledge and understanding effectively, employ manipulatives and representations, teach problem solving strategies, and help students to develop more complex mental models: KS2 KS3 Maths Guidance 2017. pdf (educationendowmentfoundation. org. uk)	
Improving literacy in all subject areas in line with	PiXL Teaching and Learning Acquiring disciplinary literacy is key for students as they learn new, more complex concepts in each subject:	2, 3, 4, 5, 6
recommendations in the EEF Improving Literacy in Secondary Schools guidance.	Improving Literacy in Secondary Schools PiXL Disciplinary Literacy	
Vocabulary Acquisition and	Alex Quigley has written extensively on developing literacy programmes within schools: https://alexquigley.co.uk/ Reading comprehension, vocabulary and other literacy skills are	2 2 4
Vocabulary Acquisition and	reading comprehension, vocabulary and other meracy skills are	2, 3, 4

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
Curriculum Reading will look to place high quality academic texts at the centre curricular	heavily linked with attainment in maths and English: word-gap. pdf (oup. com. cn)	
across the school.	word-gap. par (oup. com. cry	
	academic vocabulary and schema building, which is	
	complemented by a better and broader blog by <u>Tom Sherrington</u> on schema building.	
Targeted Reading	Curriculum development is a teacher development challenge. For	3
Programme	instance, teachers need to know about reading challenges that mediate the curriculum, and so on.	
SET Reading will place the	mediate the curriculum, and so on.	
development of reading skills	PiXL Reading	
at the centre of what students	SET Reading	
are required to focus on when they are sent out of lessons.		
	Special Educational Needs in Mainstream	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6
Improving provision and attainment for SEND lower	https://d2tic4wvo1iusb. cloudfront. net/guidance-	
attaining disadvantaged students across the Academy.	reports/send/EEF SEND Evidence Review. pdf	
students across the Academy.	Teaching Assistant Interventions	
	https://educationendowmentfoundation.org.	
	<u>uk/education-evidence/teaching-learning-</u> <u>toolkit/teaching-assistant-interventions</u>	



STRAND 2 TARGETED ACADEMIC SUPPORT

Budgeted cost: £45 500

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
Targeted Reading Programme	 Improving Literacy in Secondary Schools "High quality teaching across the curriculum will reduce the need for extra literacy support. Nevertheless, it is likely that a small number of students will require additional support—in the form of high quality, structured, targeted interventions—to make progress." "Students who start secondary school with low levels of literacy are a group in particular need of support. In 2018, 25% of students began secondary school without having reached the 'expected standard' in their Year 6 SATs reading assessment. The trajectory of similar students in previous cohorts is stark; in 2018, fewer than 1 in 5 of the students who had not reached the expected level in reading at primary school went on to achieve a 4 or above in GCSE English. Crucially however, the consequences of their low literacy are highly likely to be felt across the curriculum." 	3
Provide a targeted tutoring programme for key disadvantaged students in every year group	EEF teacher toolkit "On average one to one tuition is very effective at improving student outcomes. One to one tuition might be an effective strategy for providing targeted support for students that are identified as having low prior attainment or are struggling in particular areas. Small group tuition - moderate impact for low cost on moderate evidence	3
Provide additional opportunities during holidays and weekends for students from all year groups to take part in academic and enrichment activities	3+ months additional progress made according to the EEF https://educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk/education-evidence/teaching-learning-toolkit/summer-schools	1, 2, 3, 4, 7, 8, 10, 11



Strand 3 Wider Strategies Budgeted cost: £173,900

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
Adoption of a cognitive behavioural therapy (CBT) intervention for specific	There is evidence to suggest that CBT can have a high impact on risk behaviours and behavioural difficulties:	8
students who require support with regulating their	Cognitive Behavioural Therapy - Youth Endowment Fund	
behaviour and emotions. Also built throughout the curriculum.	EIF's report on adolescent mental health found good evidence that CBT interventions support young people's social and emotional skills and can reduce symptoms of anxiety and depression:	
This includes training for school staff, collaboration with the Mental health school teams and the school wellbeing service	Adolescent mental health: A systematic review on the effectiveness of school-based interventions Early Intervention Foundation (eif. org. uk)	
Students' wellbeing and engagement remain high and academic progress is at least good as a result of wider support strategies. Providing support for student mental health through outreach work.	Research from Mind suggests that returning to school post pandemic has had a significant mental health impact on children. Group/ individual support and treatment. Surveys post pandemic would agree. https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/bettermental-health-jsna-toolkit/5-children-and-young-people suggest risk factors and ACES which would support student Wellbeing.	8
	https://www.unmc.edu/bhecn/_documents/ace- handout-ne-specific.pdf - link ACEs to engagement and PON.	
Embedding principles of good practice set out in DfE's Improving School Attendance advice.	The DfE guidance has been informed by engagement with schools that have significantly reduced persistent absence levels. https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/school-	8, 9
Attendance team will target key students, creating individual plans to improve attendance and attainment.	attendance/framework-for-securing-full- actions-for-schools-and-local- authorities https://www.centreforsocialjustice.org.uk/wp- content/uploads/2021/06/Cant Catch Up FULL-REPORT.pdf	8
Increase the opportunities for parents to engage with the academy through a variety of face-to-face events including a specific partnership with parents and carers event for every year group	EEF suggests +4 months https://educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk/educa tion-evidence/teaching-learning-toolkit/parental- engagement	8, 9, 10
Increase the opportunities for students to have access to enrichment opportunities	https://epi.org.uk/publications-and-research/access- to-extra-curricular-provision-and-the-association- with-outcomes/	7,8

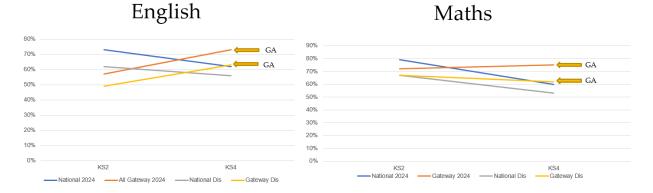
Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
that the school has to offer and beyond in order to develop cultural capital, improving their opportunities for social mobility.	https://www.gov.uk/government/news/extra- curricular-activities-soft-skills-and-social-mobility https://www.nuffieldfoundation.org/sites/default/file s/files/resbr3-final.pdf	

Total budgeted cost: £463,575
Part B: Review of outcomes in the previous academic year
Pupil premium strategy outcomes

This details the impact that our pupil premium activity had on pupils in the 2023 to 2024 academic year.

- For the academic year 2023/2024 exam result data indicates that the performance of our disadvantaged students was once again well above NA. Progress for disadvantaged students 2024 -0.43 NA yet progress for disadvantaged students 2023 is 0.01. Disadvantaged students at GA are achieving almost half a grade better than other Disadvantaged students Nationally and in line with ALL students nationally. In 5 subjects, disadvantaged students outperformed non-disadvantage in 2024 Summer exam results. (Further Maths, Geography, Design and technology, Dance and PE)
- The graphs below identify that Disadvantaged students at the Gateway Academy improve outcomes based on Maths and English KS2 figures for the Summer 24 results and in fact do the opposite of National figures which show a decline over the 5 years at secondary school.

GA outcomes inc disadvantage vs National



Blue = National data / Orange = Year 11 actual results / Grey = National Disadvantage / Yellow = Year 11 Disadvantage actual results

• The table below shows the improvements from last year's data in term of the % of students achieving grades 4+ and 5 + in the basics measure.

	4	l+ %	5+	%
Key Groups	2023	2024	2023	2024
Disadvantaged	54%	55%	18%	33%

When comparing our FSM pupils to others in the local area, it is clear to see the positive impact we are having.

FSM Pupi	ils		
		% Eng & Maths	
Estab. No.	Establishment Name	Grade 4+	Grade 5+
4394	Harris Academy Chafford Hundred	72.73	59.09
4733	Grays Convent High School	70.59	52.94
4002	Harris Academy Riverside	59.09	34.09
4003	Harris Academy Ockendon	57.45	38.30
6905	The Gateway Academy	55.71	31.43
5438	William Edwards	51.35	32.43
5440	St Clere's School	50.00	26.19
6906	Ormiston Park Academy	46.34	17.07
4000	The Hathaway Academy	42.55	23.40
5439	Ortu Gable Hall School	41.86	27.91
4001	Hassenbrook Academy	35.14	18.92
1100	The Olive AP Academy	0.00	0.00

- Maths Deep Dive September 2023 all areas judged to be good or better.
- English Deep Dive October 2022- all areas judged to be good.
- Vocabulary Acquisition in 79% of Deep Dives academic year 2022-2023, vocabulary acquisition was embedded.
- Deep dives to-date in academic year 2023-24 demonstrate effective use of vocabulary acquisition strategies over time in 95% of lessons observed.
- 'Chunk-Stop-Do' Question (test case) Geography Section D Paper 3 Overall Grade +1.7 compared with 2022; 16-mark question + marks compared with 2022.
- 'Chunk-Stop-Do' Reading decoding strategy observed in x(TBC over year) lessons.
- Thinking Reading- Pupils who began TR in June 2023- 86.66% made 6 months progress. 26.66% made 1 year + progress.
- Our teaching and learning overall was deemed good with real strengths in some areas of the school during multi deep dives. The current plan will embed the strengths identified in all areas and any improvements have been addressed in this strategy plan.
- We used pupil premium money last year to provide wellbeing support predominately for our disadvantaged students. We are further building on this approach this academic year.
- We used pupil premium funding to provide support for targeted students, which is heavily weighted towards support for our disadvantaged cohort. We are building upon this approach in our current plan.
- Attendance in 2023/2024 for disadvantaged students was strong (92%) and well above the national average. We are looking to build on this in the current plan.